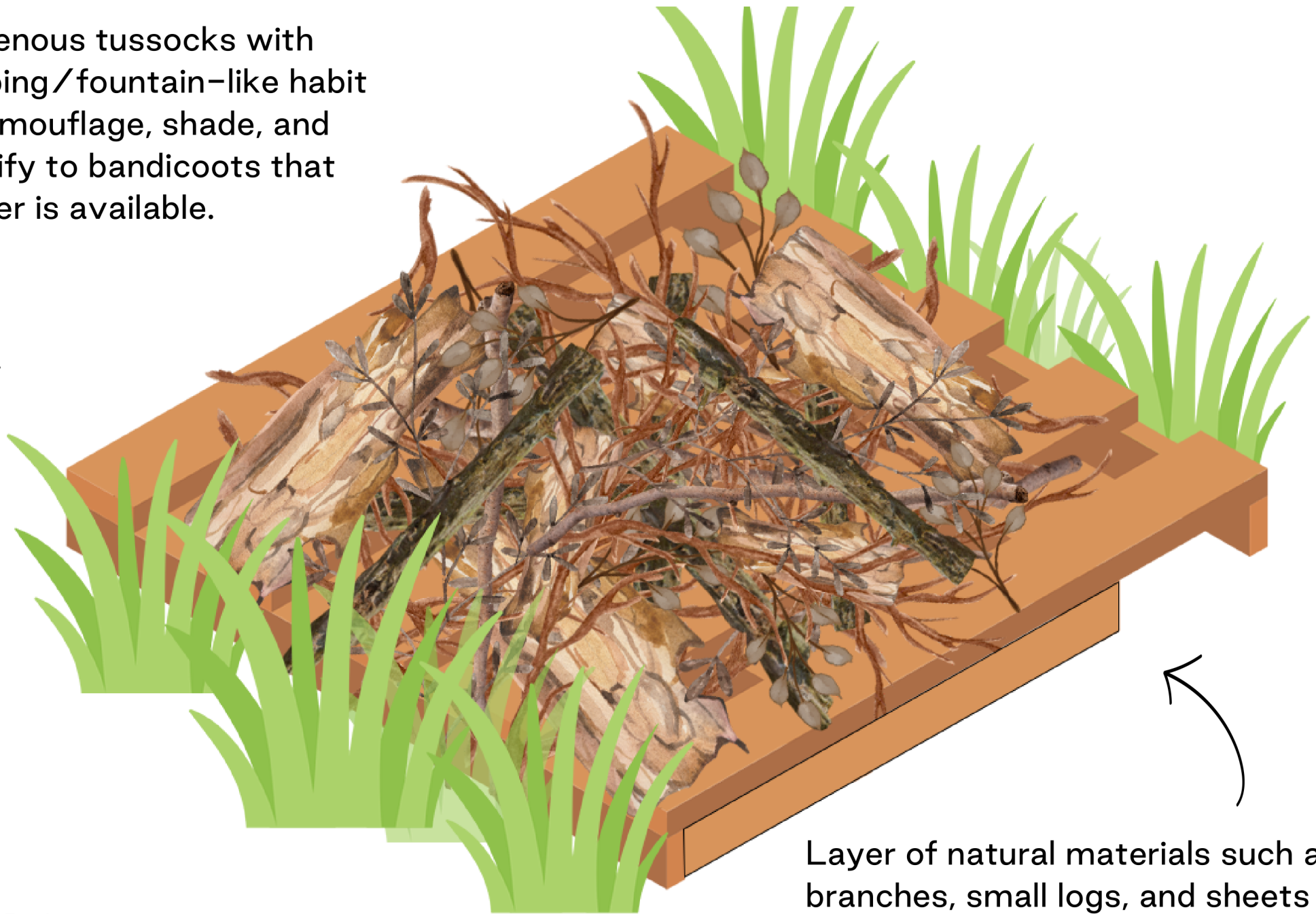


Indigenous tussocks with weeping/fountain-like habit to camouflage, shade, and identify to bandicoots that shelter is available.



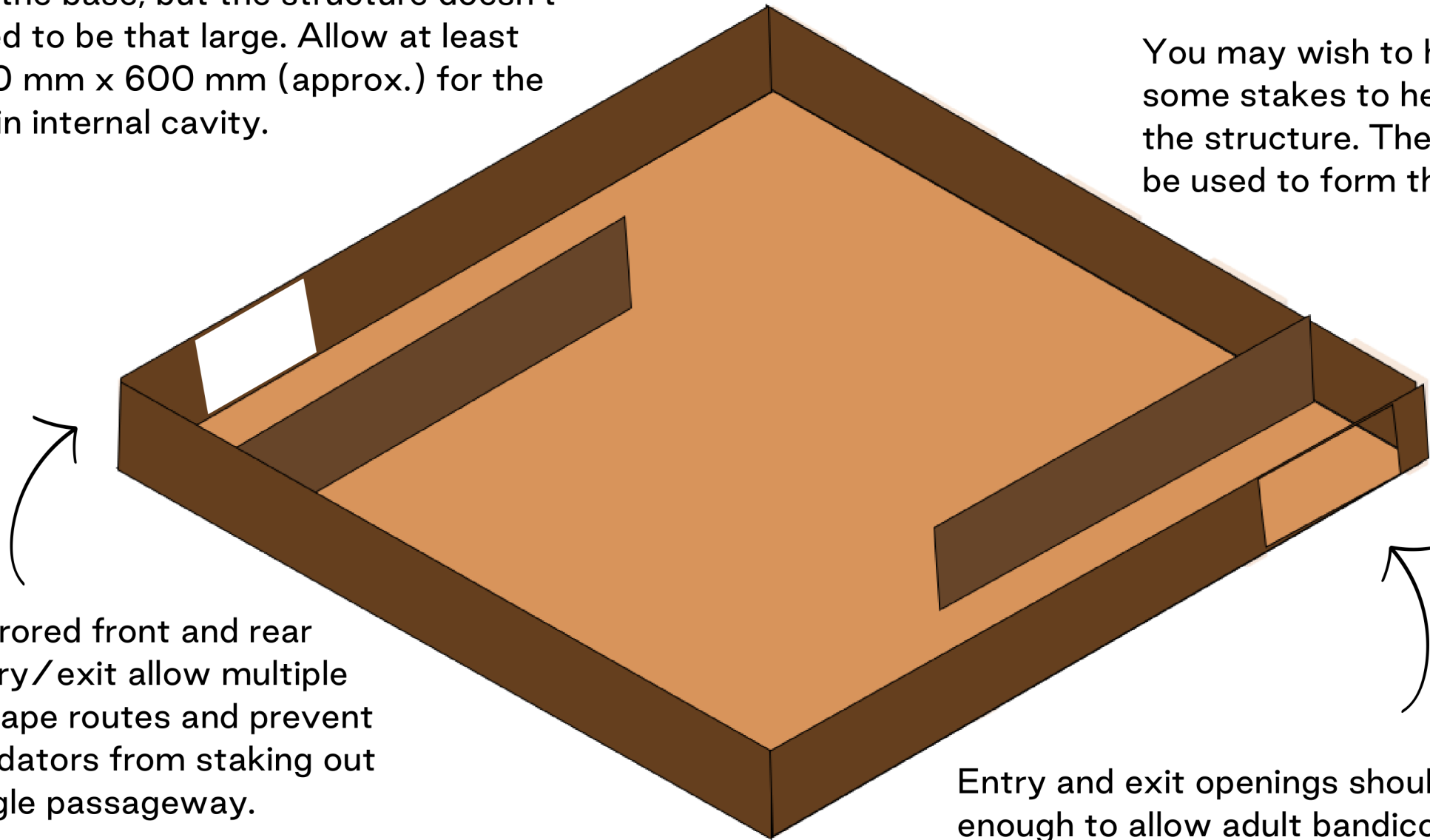
Layer of natural materials such as branches, small logs, and sheets of bark to camouflage, shade, and attract bandicoots to the shelter.



There is no prescriptive size – shipping pallets are a common choice for the base, but the structure doesn't need to be that large. Allow at least 450 mm x 600 mm (approx.) for the main internal cavity.

Internal sub-walls shield the main internal cavity from predators using their paws to swipe bandicoots out of the unit.

You may wish to hammer in some stakes to help secure the structure. These can also be used to form the walls.



Mirrored front and rear entry/exit allow multiple escape routes and prevent predators from staking out single passageway.

Entry and exit openings should be large enough to allow adult bandicoots comfortable passage, but too small for predators (cats/foxes) to squeeze in – approximately 130mm tall.